

# **Behaviour Guidance**

# <u>Trust-wide guidance for those with responsibilities in relation to behaviour and discipline</u>

This guidance is designed to sit at school level and act as the guide to how we apply the policy in our school.

1.0

# **Initio Learning Trust Vision:**

Enabling everyone to flourish in our communities and beyond **Values**:

COLLABORATION - We are a family of schools working closely together, supported by an experienced team.

AMBITION - We are ambitious in our drive for educational excellence, offering outstanding opportunities for our pupils and our staff.

RESPECT - We respect all of our pupils and staff and invest in every member of our community.

## 1.1 Defining our Culture of Behaviour

All of our schools work towards our aspiration that:

All children and young people will leave us as **responsible**, **respectful** and **resilient** citizens who are able to flourish and thrive in society.

Behaviour will be **taught** not controlled; **analysed** not moralised so that behaviour becomes an **internal** not external discipline. We will do this by creating **respectful** relationships that are **curious** about context, **compassionate**, **calm** and **consistent**.

## 1.2 Trust- wide Behaviour Principles:

All of our schools work towards the principles that:

- Everyone has the right to an open, friendly and studious classroom environment free from disruption or aggression
- All CYP will have support with behaviour management if they need it
- Staff are role models for behaviour and will manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment (*Teacher standard 7. WAT T and L principles 1*)
- Staff will establish and explicitly teach routines (WAT T and L principles, 1)
- Schools that offer outstanding appropriate support alongside relentlessly high expectations for pupils will see excellent behaviour demonstrated and, therefore, will maximise learning time

#### 2.0

## **Trust-wide Behaviour Expectations**

We embed our culture by our three Trust-wide behaviour expectations that have been agreed by all of our schools to teach, model and insist upon. Each expectation may look slightly different at each stage of a pupil's development so phases will need to agree how the teaching, modelling and encouragement of the expectations is developed in their phases.

# 2.1 The three Trust behaviour expectations are:

- 1) Readiness to Learn
- 2) Respectful Relationships
- 3) Engagement

#### 2.1a Demonstrate Readiness to Learn

**What?** Readiness to learn is the expectation that we have of our pupils at the start of learning episodes, be that formal or informal. It is having the correct skills and equipment to accelerate learning.

**Why?** Being ready to learn is an important life skill; showing respect for those around you and the environment and demonstrating organisational skills. Readiness to learn means that pupils are able to make the most of the learning, becoming rapidly engaged in thinking about key learning (WAT T and L principles, 1)

How? As a minimum,

Staff will:	Students will:	Senior leaders will:	We would like Parents to:
<ul> <li>be on time to lessons</li> <li>Meet and greet at the door</li> <li>provide visual and written examples of equipment needed</li> <li>clearly indicate what level of peer interaction the learning episode requires</li> <li>model the behaviour they wish to see</li> <li>have the learning ready for the pupils</li> <li>teach the routines for the classroom, including entry and exit</li> <li>Reinforce expectations through the school's behaviour system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>be on time for lessons</li> <li>enter rooms quietly</li> <li>have the necessary equipment</li> <li>leave the room in a tidy state</li> <li>respond to the level of peer interaction indicated by staff</li> <li>Wear the uniform correctly and wear the lanyard</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate the expectations clearly to all staff, pupils and parents</li> <li>Reinforce expectations through their behaviour system</li> <li>Provide regular reminders and opportunities for teaching of the expectations</li> <li>Support staff to teach, model and enforce the expectations through thorough CPD</li> <li>Model the behaviour they wish to see from staff and students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure their child has access to the correct equipment for school (either from home or in arrangement with the school)</li> <li>Ensure their child is on time for school and follow the correct protocols in case of absence / lateness</li> <li>Support the school with the expectation of readiness to learn</li> </ul>

## 2.1 b Demonstrate Respectful Relationships

**What?** Respectful relationships means building considerate and courteous relationships with all members of the school and wider community.

**Why?** We want all pupils in our Trust to leave us as responsible, respectful and resilient individuals. Learning how to foster respectful relationships is key to being confident in wider society and in whichever place of work our pupils decide to enter. Excellent relationships can motivate CYP to achieve (WAT, T and L principles, 1)

How? As a minimum,

Staff will:	Students will:	Senior leaders will:	We would like Parents to:
<ul> <li>Model respectful relationships</li> <li>Greet pupils into lessons at the door</li> <li>Speak calmly and fairly to all</li> <li>Ensure the vocabulary used is inclusive</li> <li>Be tolerant of pupil's needs and ensure their needs are catered for</li> <li>Seek to understand the wider context of a pupil's life</li> <li>Teach social cues, where appropriate</li> <li>Challenge any language that seeks to be derogatory to an individual or a group</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Speak to all calmly and fairly</li> <li>Use language that is inclusive and non derogatory</li> <li>Be welcoming and open to new pupils, parents and visitors</li> <li>Use social media with respect for all other users</li> <li>Attempt all tasks to the best of their ability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate the expectations clearly to all staff, pupils and parents</li> <li>Reinforce expectations through their behaviour system</li> <li>Provide regular reminders and opportunities for teaching of the expectations</li> <li>Support staff to teach, model and enforce the expectations through thorough CPD</li> <li>Model respectful relationships with all in the school and wider community</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model respectful relationships, especially when working with the school</li> <li>Use language that is inclusive and challenge language which is not inclusive or is derogatory</li> <li>Encourage their children to try their best at all tasks</li> <li>Talk about members of the school community in a respectful way</li> </ul>

Be open and welcoming to parents and visitors	Use whole school teaching to	
Encourage all pupils to try their best	demonstrate respectful relationships	

#### 2.1c Demonstrate Engagement

**What?** Engagement is the expectation that all members of the school will be actively involved in the school community, whether that is in a learning episode or something more informal. Engagement is showing that you are listening, actively participating and ready to respond.

**Why?** Engagement fosters motivation to participate in school activities and allows pupils to have a strong sense of belonging which is important as they grow and mature. Engagement in learning maximises every learning opportunity by minimising low level distractions (WAT, T and L principles, 1)

How? As a minimum,

Staff will:	Students will:	Senior leaders will:	We would like Parents to:
<ul> <li>Model engagement when pupils are addressing others including giving appropriate responses</li> <li>Teach active listening to pupils</li> <li>Make themselves aware of individual pupil's needs</li> <li>Ensure that lessons are adapted to cater for pupils' needs in line</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Look at a speaker whilst they are speaking</li> <li>Do not distract others</li> <li>Be ready to answer questions and/or contribute to discussions</li> <li>Respond to feedback</li> <li>Where appropriate, participate in extracurricular activities such as clubs/ school council / tours for</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate the expectations clearly to all staff, pupils and parents</li> <li>Reinforce expectations through their behaviour system</li> <li>Provide regular reminders and opportunities for teaching of the expectations</li> <li>Support staff to teach,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model engagement with their children</li> <li>Encourage engagement in extracurricular activities, either during school time or outside of the school day</li> <li>Use staff feedback to understand how engaged their child is in school life</li> <li>Ensure regular and punctual attendance at</li> </ul>

with SEN and behaviour support plans where appropriate.  • Make lessons relevant with an appropriate level of challenge  • Use visual and verbal reminders about active engagement in lessons  • Use feedback to gauge the engagement in lessons and beyond • Encourage pupils to participate in extracurricular activities • Model good attendance	visitors / shows / sports leader etc  • Attend school regularly and on time  • Attend all lessons and on time	model and enforce the expectations through thorough CPD  Track pupil engagement in extracurricular activities  Ensure there is an appropriate range of extracurricular activities on offer  Monitor attendance and support leaders to support families where attendance is not as expected	school
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# 3.0 Types of Behaviour

Queen Elizabeth's School generally defines behaviour into the following four categories:

#### 3.1 Pro-Social behaviour

This is the behaviour that we wish for all of our CYP to aspire to. It is defined as behaviour which is positive, helpful, and intended to promote social acceptance.

It is characterised by a concern for the rights, feelings and welfare of other people and is behaviour which benefits other people or society. Examples of prosocial behaviour can be (but are not limited to):

- Helping others with tasks
- Lending equipment
- Welcoming visitors
- Polite and respectful behaviour
- Wearing the uniform correctly and with pride
- Standing up for vulnerable students

#### 3.2 Un-Social behaviour

This can be defined as not seeking or giving to association with others. It is characterised by being unwilling or unable to behave sociably in the company of others, but not to the detriment of self or others. It can sometimes present as not doing as instructed, but not to the detriment of self or others. Examples of un-social behaviour can be (but are not limited to):

- Homework not being completed
- Not following instructions
- A lack of work in lessons
- Uniform worn incorrectly

Behaviours that don't support our community values are defined as being unsocial or, in extreme cases, antisocial. There is no clear dividing line between un-social and antisocial behaviours (rough guide below), but we must ensure we don't drive un-social behaviour into being anti-social behaviour.

#### 3.3 Anti Social Behaviour

This can also be classed as 'Difficult' behaviour when it is anti social but not dangerous (see 3.4)

This can be defined as behaviour that causes harm to an individual, the community or to the environment. It is characterised by behaviour that is likely to cause injury, harassment, alarm or distress or that violates the rights of another person or is contrary to the laws and customs of society. Examples of anti-social behaviour can be (but are not limited to):

- · Persistent disruption of learning
- Absconding from the classroom or school
- Causing disrepute to the school
- Bullying
- Harassment
- Defiance
- Swearing or rudeness to staff/students

#### 3.4 Dangerous behaviour

This can be defined as behaviour which will imminently result in injury to self or others, damage to property or behaviour that would be considered criminal if the person was the age of criminal responsibility. Examples of dangerous behaviour can be (but are not limited to):

- Racist / homophobic/ sexist abuse
- Physical violence
- Bringing weapons on site
- Bringing drugs or alcohol on site
- Wilful damage to property
- Inciting violence in others
- Child on child abuse
- Persistent Bullying

The school will closely monitor CYP who are displaying un-social or antisocial / difficult behaviour and ensure that checks have been made about their specific learning needs, safeguarding needs and where interventions may be needed to ensure provision throughout the curriculum and school is appropriate (see roadmap appendix A)

Most CYP will never need to be subject to any consequences for anti social or dangerous behaviour or any bribes in order to behave pro-socially or achieve academically, they will simply need a dynamic and engaging education experience.

However, there may be one or two CYP in each class who may be at risk of harming themselves either physically or by withdrawing, hiding etc. . These are often the very quiet or withdrawn CYP who can be missed from planning as their behaviours do not trouble anyone and staff at the school will be aware of these CYP and monitor them closely.

#### 4.0 Rewards

Queen Elizabeths' School recognises that modelling and teaching pro-social behaviour will likely result in more pro-social behaviours being shown. CYP can be recognised for their pro-social behaviour with a system of rewards. Rewards will be genuine and specific, allowing the reward to be a teaching opportunity. Rewards can include (but are not limited to):

- Verbal recognition
- Contact with home
- House Points
- Head of year / house awardHeadteacher award
- Reward Breakfasts
- Film events
- Non uniform days

Reward systems can be viewed below:

Behaviour and Rewards Procedures 2023-24 V2

All behaviour has consequences and Queen Elizabeths' School recognises that part of teaching behaviour is providing proportionate, rational, timely and appropriate consequences for behaviour, including rewards, detailed above.

#### 5.1 Consequences for un social behaviour could include (but are not limited to):

- Missing unstructured times to complete work
- Making up the work missed after school
- Attending catch up sessions
- Apologising for not following instructions

#### 5.2 Consequences for anti social / difficult behaviour could include (but are not limited to):

- Meeting with others through a restorative process
- Spending some reflective time away from peers
- A loss of unstructured times
- Lunchtime and After school detentions
- Community Service
- Isolation
- Level 2 Isolation
- Use of alternative provision

Anti social / difficult behaviour may also result in suspension or exclusion from the school.

#### 5.3 Consequences for dangerous behaviour could include (but are not limited to):

- Restorative processes
- Time spent away from peers

- Loss of social times, including after school detentions
- Isolation
- Level 2 Isolation
- Suspension
- Use of managed moves
- Use of alternative provision to improve behaviour

Dangerous behaviour may also result in a Permanent Exclusion from the school.

At Queen Elizabeth's School, we have a system for consequences but we acknowledge that there may be some CYP who sit outside of any formal system and we will apply our knowledge of the CYP and their context when making decisions about consequences to ensure **equity**. Click the Link below to view:

Behaviour and Rewards Procedures 2023-24 V2

## **Further reading:**

Useful policies and documents to be read in conjunction with this guidance:

#### **DfE** guidance and legislation

- KCSiE, 2022
- Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement - guidance 2022
- Behaviour in Schools, 2022
- Alternative Provision, 2016
- Equalities Act, 2010
- SEN Code of Practice, 2015

#### and;

- The vision, values and strategic outcomes of Initio Learning Trust
- Initio Learning Trust's Principles of Teaching and Learning

#### **Useful books:**

Know Me to Teach Me by Louise Bomber

Inside I'm Hurting by Louise Bomber

Conversations that matter: Talking with Children and Teenagers in Ways That Help by Margot Sunderland

**Dealing with Feeling by Tina Rae** 

When the Adults Change, Everything Changes by Paul Dix

After the Adults Change, Achievable Behaviour Nirvana by Paul Dix

My Hidden Chimp by Prof Steve Peters

The Behaviour Guru: Behaviour Management Solutions for Teachers
by Tom Bennett

Teach Like a Champion (3.0) by Doug Lemov

Beyond Discipline: From Compliance to Community by Alfie Kohn

Miss, I don't Give a Sh\*t by Adele Bates

#### **Useful websites:**

https://www.teachervision.com/teaching-strategies/behavior-management

https://beaconschoolsupport.co.uk/resources.php

https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/baby/babys-development/behaviour/dealing-with-child-behaviour-problems/

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-for-supporting-behaviour-in-schools--2/further-guidance-and-resources-guidance-and-resources-guidance-and-resources-guidance-and-resources-guidance-and-resources-guidance-and-resources-guidance-and-

# **Appendix A - roadmap of support**

Please right click on the picture below and select 'open link' to view the roadmap of support



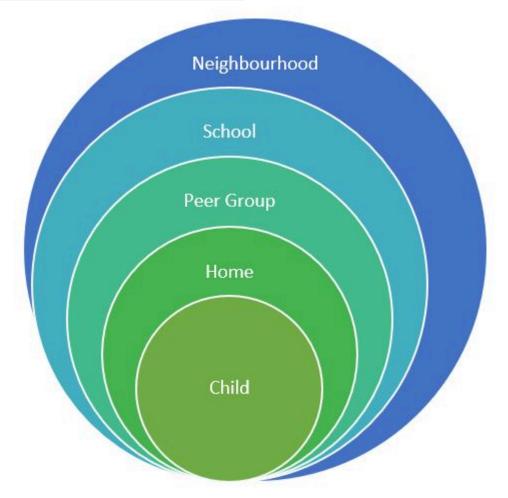
https://prezi.com/view/CaD3hB25Sv8kYtAegr8m/

# **Appendix B - ABC behaviour chart:**

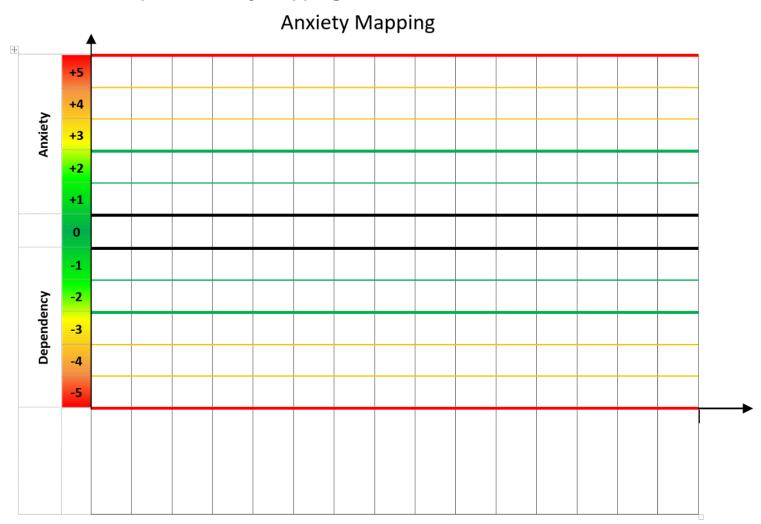
Name: ABC CHART

Date / time	ANTECEDENT Location, activity, people	BEHAVIOUR Describe what you saw	CONSEQUENCE What did you do/how did the person	Possible purpose/reason
ume	Escation, activity, people	bescribe what you saw	react.	

# **Appendix C - Contextual Circle:**



# **Appendix D - Example of anxiety mapping chart**



Time of day, days of the week, supporting staff, location, activity, learning style, peers, etc